

Вы услышите интервью. В заданиях **A8–A14**, обведите цифру **1, 2** или **3**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

A8 Why does Mariela think that the first question is easy?

- 1) The answer depends on her mood.
- 2) The choice of films is limited.
- 3) She has her personal favorite.

A9 Why does Mariela name 'American Beauty' the best film?

- 1) Because of acting.
- 2) Because of its plain plot.
- 3) Because it's mainstream.

A10 Why is 'Gladiator' not Mariela's favorite film?

- 1) For her it's a usual film.
- 2) It's not exciting.
- 3) It's too mysterious.

A11 Mariela thinks that 'The Sixth Sense' was ...

- 1) made to frighten people.
- 2) made by the best director.
- 3) the most unanticipated success.

A12 According to Mariela, what is good about 'All about my Mother'?

- 1) There are more positive feelings in it.
- 2) It has a lovely beginning and sad ending.
- 3) It can touch feelings of anybody.

A13 What does Mariela say about John Travolta in 'Pulp fiction'?

- 1) He's the best as a bad guy.
- 2) His role was not typical for him.
- 3) He could play any part in it.

A14 What does Mariela think about 'Chicago'?

- 1) The choice of the actors determined its success.
- 2) It's the best musical ever.
- 3) This musical is not for the cinema.

*По окончании выполнения заданий **B1** и **A1–A14** не забудьте перенести свои ответы в бланк ответов № 1! Обратите внимание на то, что ответы на задания **B1, A1–A14** располагаются в разных частях бланка. При переносе ответов в задание **B1** (в нижней части бланка) цифры записываются без пробелов и знаков препинания.*

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Раздел 2. Чтение

B2

Установите соответствие между заголовками 1–8 и текстами A–G. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру **только один раз**. В задании **один заголовок лишний**.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. A step to a wider variety | 5. Origin of theatre |
| 2. Varieties of theatre | 6. Ladies enter |
| 3. Modern problems | 7. Not the least important |
| 4. Theatre and politics | 8. Stars for a repertoire |

- A.** Modern Western theatre comes in large measure from ancient Greek drama, from which it takes technical terminology, classification into genres, and many of its themes, stock characters, and plot elements. The Greeks also developed the concepts of dramatic criticism, acting as a career, and theatre architecture. The theatre of ancient Greece consisted of three types of drama: tragedy, comedy, and the satyr play.
- B.** Western theatre developed and expanded considerably under the Romans. The Roman historian Livy wrote that the Romans first experienced theatre in the 4th century BC. The theatre of ancient Rome was a thriving and diverse art form, ranging from festival performances of street theatre, nude dancing, and acrobatics, to the staging of broadly appealing situation comedies, to the high-style, verbally elaborate tragedies.
- C.** Theatre took on many different forms in the West between the 15th and 19th centuries, including commedia dell'arte and melodrama. The general trend was away from the poetic drama of the Greeks and the Renaissance and toward a more naturalistic prose style of dialogue, especially following the Industrial Revolution. Theatre today, broadly defined, includes performances of plays and musicals, ballets, operas and various other forms.
- D.** The eighteenth century in Britain introduced women to the stage, which would have been extremely inappropriate before. These women were looked at as celebrities but on the other hand, it was still very new and revolutionary that they were on the stage and some said they were unladylike and looked down on. Charles II did not like young men playing the parts of young women, so he asked that women play their own parts.

- E.** Theatre took a big pause during 1642 and 1660 in England because of Cromwell's Interregnum. Theatre was seen as something sinful and the Puritans tried very hard to drive it out of their society. Because of this stagnant period, once Charles II came back to the throne in 1660, theatre (among other arts) exploded because of a lot of influence from France, where Charles was in exile the years previous to his reign.
- F.** Stagecraft is a term referring to the technical aspects of theatrical, film, and video production. It includes constructing scenery, hanging and focusing of lighting, design and procurement of costumes, makeup, props, stage management, and recording and mixing of sound. Considered a technical rather than an artistic field, it is equally crucial for the practical implementation of a designer's artistic idea.
- G.** While most modern theatre companies rehearse one piece of theatre at a time, perform that piece for a set "run", retire the piece, and begin rehearsing a new show, repertory companies rehearse multiple shows at one time. Repertory theatre generally involves a group of similarly accomplished actors, and relies more on the reputation of the group than on an individual star actor.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G

B3

Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски A–F частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами 1–7. Одна из частей в списке 1–7 лишняя. Занесите цифры, обозначающие соответствующие части предложений, в таблицу.

A Young Mayor

This is a very unusual case, but as you will see, unusual doesn't mean impossible.

An 18-year-old school girl has become the youngest mayor of a British town in history. Amanda Bracebridge, A _____, won leadership of Clun village council in a dramatic election last night. The tiny village only has 122 voters and Amanda won the election by just two votes from the only other candidate, 69-year-old Fred Gardner of the Conservative party. Amanda, B _____, was an independent candidate. She was surprised by her success, C _____. "My election promise was to make sure D _____," she told us. She was referring to the plans from a large company to buy up farmland and build flats there. "We live in one of the most beautiful villages in Shropshire and I want to make sure it stays that way."

Amanda, who is in her last year at nearby Bishop's Castle High School, E _____ and her exams which she takes in two months. "It's going to be a pretty busy few months," she said. "But when the exams are over I will be able to concentrate completely on helping my village".

Amanda had plans to go to university but is now going to start a year later F _____. "I've talked to Leeds University and they say my place will wait for me". And what is she going to study? Politics? "No, actually, I am going to do sociology and economics".

1. who is not a member of any political party
2. that our village would be protected from outside interests
3. but it was not a total shock to her
4. being a politics student at the university
5. so she can do her job as mayor properly
6. who is only just old enough to vote herself
7. will have to find time for her work as mayor

A	B	C	D	E	F

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания A15–A21. В каждом задании обведите цифру 1, 2, 3 или 4, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

Internet

Internet is one of the greatest tools we have today. Billions of bits of information, unlimited ways to connect, games to play, videos to watch, things to learn. There's something for everyone. We Facebook, tumble, stumble, and tweet more now than ever. Social media is connecting us in incredible ways. You can create communities of like-minded people that would never meet before on the Internet. But, due to this, we are spending copious amounts of time on the World Wide Web, and it's slowly changing who you are as a person.

I went for a long period of time where I didn't read a book. I finally got around to picking up a few new books and as soon as I started reading them, I struggled. I couldn't hold concentration like I used to. I would read a whole paragraph with my mind elsewhere or had this constant anxious feeling to do something else, even when there was absolutely nothing else to do. My mind would jump from one thought to another and I barely could read a chapter in one sitting. A talked to a few people about this, and I even looked to the trusty Internet for my solution. I found that I'm not alone, many people report the same type of concentration shift. The reason for this is the information overload via Internet.

We take in 34 gigabytes of information each day now. That is 5 times more than we did 20 years ago. There is so much going on in our minds that we rarely spend any time on one particular bit of information because there is always something new and more intriguing just around the corner. When we land on a webpage, we spend the average of about 50 seconds, if that, and know that there are at least 5 other links we can click on the page. We can still concentrate, but our minds would much rather be focused on a series of things, not one thought.

Not only is it altering our concentration on reading long works, but it's changing "how" we read. We no longer read; we skim. This is our way of adapting to this information overload. It would take too long to process all this information and we don't need everything. We sift through the information and get to the main point or relevant material.

The way things are written online is changing for us as well. For anyone who has written a blog post, it's a much different style of writing compared to novels and even newspaper articles. The things we read online are as clear and concise as possible. Adjectives are a thing of the past. The information is usually already condensed for you, and is separated into neat headlines that make it easy to scan the page in a few seconds. We don't focus on comprehension anymore, we know what we're looking for and we find it quickly.

The way we are reading things is just the start, the way we are thinking is changing too. Before, we had calm linear thoughts, one thing led to another. Now, our thoughts are jumping back and forth between so many things. We have one thought, which leads to four or five other non-related thoughts, and then some time later we return to the original thought. This is a direct result of our attention being

focused on so many things for so little time on the web. There is always a link that can take us somewhere new and start a new train of thoughts.

We've developed a much more fluid way of thinking. And it's not a bad thing. It's making us more creative. You are much more efficient at combing and filtering through ideas, which in essence is what inspiration is. Linear thought is very organized and does not leave room for new ideas.

So, the Internet has become an essential part of our daily lives. But it's also important to disconnect for a while and to take care of your body and mind. Create a balance of time online and in the real world, so you can reap the positive cognitive abilities the Internet is giving you and avoid forming an unhealthy set of habits that will cost you later in life.

A15 According to the author, Internet changes people because ...

- 1) it adds lots of friends.
- 2) it helps to create new communities.
- 3) they spend too much time online.
- 4) of the amount of information it provides.

A16 Why does Internet, according to the author, influence reading concentration?

- 1) The information there changes too fast.
- 2) It leaves less time for reading.
- 3) The bits of information there are very short.
- 4) It provides excessive information.

A17 Which of the following is NOT a feature of an online text?

- 1) Clarity.
- 2) Reduced size.
- 3) Lots of descriptive words.
- 4) Informative headline.

A18 The way people read has changed because ...

- 1) they don't need all the information they read about.
- 2) they lost interest in serious literature.
- 3) they had to adjust to new conditions.
- 4) they had to read faster.

A19 According to the author the new way of thinking helps people ...

- 1) browse the Internet effectively.
- 2) develop creativity.
- 3) filter useless information.
- 4) choose right things.

A20 The author calls for ...

- 1) allowing more time for personal life.
- 2) giving equal attention to real world and Internet.
- 3) developing thinking abilities.
- 4) a healthy life style.

A21 It can be implied from the text that the author's attitude towards Internet is sooner ...

- 1) positive.
- 2) skeptical.
- 3) negative.
- 4) neutral.

По окончании выполнения заданий В2, В3 и А15–А21 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в бланк ответов № 1! Обратите внимание на то, что ответы на задания В2, В3, А15–А21 располагаются в разных частях бланка. При переносе ответов в заданиях В2 и В3 цифры записываются без пробелов и знаков препинания.

Раздел 3. Грамматика и лексика

Прочитайте приведённые ниже тексты. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **B4–B10**, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текстов. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы **B4–B10**.

New Zealand: geography

New Zealand consists of two main islands and a number of smaller islands so scattered that they range from the tropical to the Antarctic. New Zealand _____ about 2,012 km southeast of Australia.

B4 _____ LOCATE

The two main islands are the North Island and the South Island, _____ by Cook Strait. The North Island is 829 km long and volcanic in its south-central part.

B5 _____ SEPARATE

South Island has the Southern Alps along its west coast, with Mount Cook being the _____ point. Other inhabited islands include Stewart Island, the Chatham Islands, and Great Barrier Island.

B6 _____ HIGH

Enough is enough

A woman came to President Abraham Lincoln and told him with a commanding air: "Mr. President, you must make my son a general. Sir, I demand it not as a favor, but as a right. My grandfather _____ at Lexington.

B7 _____ FIGHT

My father was the only man who _____ away at Bladensburg.

B8 _____ NOT RUN

My husband _____ at Monterrey."

B9 _____ KILL

"I guess, madam," said Lincoln, "your family _____ enough for the country. It is time to give somebody else a chance."

B10 _____ DO

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **B11–B16**, однокоренные слова, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы **B11–B16**.

The heart of Bangkok

Bangkok is the capital of Thailand. Its numerous high-rise _____, heavy traffic congestion, intense heat and naughty nightlife may not immediately give you the best impression.

B11 _____ BUILD

Don't let that _____ you.

B12 _____ LEAD

It is one of Asia's most cosmopolitan cities with _____ temples and palaces, authentic canals, busy markets and a vibrant nightlife that has something for everyone.

B13 _____ IMPRESS

The heart of Bangkok is _____ its magnificent Grand Palace, which is one of the architectural wonders of the world.

B14 _____ PROBABLE

It is a _____ of highly decorated holy temples and monuments.

B15 _____ COLLECT

Its asymmetry and eclectic styles are due to its organic _____, with additions and rebuilding being made by successive reigning kings over 200 years of history. It is worth spending at least a full morning or afternoon there. At night the palace is lit up and glows in vivid colour.

B16 _____ DEVELOP

Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами A22–A28. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям A22–A28, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов. Обведите номер выбранного Вами варианта ответа.

“Looking for Alaska” by John Green

“Looking for Alaska”, written by John Green, is a story that will leave the reader moved by the characters. The readers will **A22** _____ things about themselves they may have never known.

The author graduated from Kenyon College and worked for the “Booklist” journal. He reviewed hundreds of books, particularly literary fiction. In **A23** _____, he critiqued novels for “The New York Times” Book Review. His first novel “Looking for Alaska” was mostly **A24** _____ by his experience at a boarding school. This book made the “Top 10 Best Book for Young Adults” and undoubtedly **A25** _____ it.

The novel is flawlessly written, moving and stimulating. All the characters are real and can create connections with their audience. They no longer seem to behave like fictional characters, but rather real people that have similar problems and ideas as young adults nowadays. **A26** _____ of this, readers are able to recognize their own search for self-identity or labyrinths they must escape through the main characters.

Overall, I would recommend this novel to kids in high school. The characters in this story showed me the good and bad parts of life and still **A27** _____ me want to live through them. This novel generated a spectrum of emotions with each page and I could **A28** _____ put it down.

- | | | | | |
|------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| A22 | 1) open | 2) find | 3) discover | 4) invent |
| A23 | 1) general | 2) addition | 3) contrast | 4) comparison |
| A24 | 1) inspired | 2) involved | 3) impressed | 4) included |
| A25 | 1) confirmed | 2) earned | 3) defended | 4) deserved |
| A26 | 1) Besides | 2) Instead | 3) Despite | 4) Because |
| A27 | 1) held | 2) made | 3) kept | 4) turned |
| A28 | 1) hardly | 2) merely | 3) nearly | 4) really |

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Раздел 4. Письмо

Для ответов на задания **C1** и **C2** используйте бланк ответов № 2. Черновые пометки могут делаться прямо на листе с заданиями или можно использовать отдельный черновик. При выполнении заданий **C1** и **C2** особое внимание обратите на то, что Ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным в бланке ответов № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма текста. Тексты недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются. Запишите сначала номер задания (**C1**, **C2**), а затем ответ на него. Если одной стороны бланка недостаточно, Вы можете использовать другую его сторону.

C1 You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen-friend Mary who writes:

*...My aunt lives in Arkansas and last week her house was ruined by a tornado. What do you think are the most horrible natural disasters? Which of them are typical of the place where you live? What can people do to protect themselves from them?
My history teacher got the annual award "Best teacher of the year", I'm so happy for her!...*

Write a letter to Mary.

In your letter

- answer her questions
- ask **3 questions** about her history teacher.

Write **100–140 words**.

Remember the rules of letter writing.

C2 Comment on the following statement.

Childhood is the safest period of human life.

What is your opinion? Do you agree with this statement?

Write **200–250 words**.

Use the following plan:

- make an introduction (state the problem)
- express your personal opinion and give 2-3 reasons for your opinion
- express an opposing opinion and give 1-2 reasons for this opposing opinion
- explain why you don't agree with the opposing opinion
- make a conclusion restating your position

Вы услышите интервью. В заданиях A8–A14, обведите цифру 1, 2 или 3, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

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- 3) The choice of the actors determined its success.

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Раздел 2. Чтение

B2 Установите соответствие между заголовками 1–8 и текстами A–G. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру **только один раз**. В задании **один заголовок лишний**.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. Water-related diseases | 5. Physical characteristics |
| 2. Personal measure | 6. Worrying statistics |
| 3. Ways of using | 7. Hard to get |
| 4. More than survival | 8. Natural threats |

- A.** Water is the most important resource for mankind. It is a condition for all life on our planet, a factor for any social and technological development, a possible source of welfare or misery, cooperation or conflict. 97 percent of it is undrinkable because it's saltwater. Only 3 percent of the world's water supply is fresh water, and 77 percent of that is frozen. Of the 23 percent that is not frozen, only a half a percent is available to supply everyone with all the water they need to survive.
- B.** Natural disasters like earthquakes, tornados, hurricanes and other types of incidents can disrupt drinking water and wastewater systems. Water consumers, water and wastewater utilities, and private well and septic owners should be informed on what to do in emergency. It is important to be prepared because drinking water and wastewater disruptions can directly threaten your health, the health of your family, and the health of your community.
- C.** Water security is about fighting poverty and hunger, and protecting the environment. It is about saving children from disease. It is about allowing girls to go to school instead of walking kilometers to fetch water. It is about providing women and men with access to sanitation, wherever they live. Fundamentally, it is about peace. When we talk about water security, we are really talking about human rights, human dignity, and the development of all societies.
- D.** Water is the only substance that occurs naturally as a solid (ice), a liquid and a gas (water vapor). It covers about 70 percent of the Earth for approximately 1,386 million cubic kilometers. In its purest form, it's odorless, nearly colorless and tasteless. Water molecules are naturally attracted and stick to each other like magnets. This is the reason behind many of water's special properties, such as the fact that it's denser in its liquid state than in its solid state (ice floats on water).

- E.** You use water to clean yourself, your clothes, your dishes, your car and everything else around you. You can travel on it or jump in it to cool off on hot summer days. Many of the products that you use every day contain water or were manufactured using it. It seems pretty simple, and yet there are a lot of things about it that scientists still don't fully understand.
- F.** Every day you lose water. For your body to function properly, you must replenish its water supply. So how much fluid does the average, healthy adult living in a temperate climate need? The Institute of Medicine determined that an adequate intake for men is roughly 3 liters a day. The intake for women is 2.2 liters a day. But in truth, your water needs depend on many factors, including your health, how active you are and where you live.
- G.** Around 1.1 billion people globally do not have access to clean water supply sources whereas 2.4 billion people do not have bathrooms with running water. About 2 million people die every year due to water-related diseases, most of them are children less than 5 years of age. The most affected are people in developing countries, living in extreme conditions of poverty.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G

B3

Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски **A–F** частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами **1–7**. Одна из частей в списке **1–7** лишняя. Занесите цифры, обозначающие соответствующие части предложений, в таблицу.

Is there enough to say?

They only appeared about ten years ago but already they are everywhere, everyone’s got one. They are the wonder of the modern age – mobile phones, or cell phones, **A** _____. Apparently, mobile phones are now used by about 2.5 billion people worldwide, and about one billion new mobile phones are sold every year worldwide. Go back to 1997, and only 100 million were sold. As we can see, the mobile phone business **B** _____.

And the developments keep on coming. Once we could only make phone calls; now mobile phones **C** _____ and do many other useful things. Once we had to hold our mobile phones in our hand; now we can use throat microphones. What next? We are told that soon, tiny microphones will be implanted into our lips. We’ll be able to dial numbers just by saying them.

But surely we need to ask ourselves: What’s good about this? OK, we can talk to other people almost all the time now – but is that so great? Watch and listen to people when a plane has landed. Anxious **D** _____, dial a number, and then: “It’s me, I’m here. I’ll be there in twenty minutes.” Is this communication? Is this what all these years of technology have brought us to?

In the early days of communication there were letters. When they arrived at your house, you knew they had been delivered by a man **E** _____.

In those days, people would think very hard before they wrote a letter. You had to have a good reason to write – communication was serious. Now it’s not – people phone each other **F** _____. Once the phone was a way for people far away from each other to talk – now it’s just an excuse to talk.

1. has been developed very quickly
2. not understand why they are doing it for
3. as Americans call them
4. riding halfway across the country on a horse
5. just because they can
6. can also be used to take and send photos
7. fingers immediately switch on the mobile phone

A	B	C	D	E	F

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания **A15–A21**. В каждом задании обведите цифру **1, 2, 3** или **4**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

Travelling

I’ve spent the last year wandering around the globe and exploring this wondrous thing called life. Through 26 flights, I’ve managed to circle the globe twice, and touch 5 of the 7 continents. It’s been an incredible experience. The journey led me from scuba diving for a month in Thailand to hitchhiking in African country. I’ve learned about the world and myself more than any book, teacher or person could tell me.

I’ve learned that the timing will never be perfect because rarely are we blessed with the perfect time to do something. When I was planning on leaving to travel for a year, it was never the “right time” when everything was going to be put on hold for my travels. I needed more money, or I would lose my job. I realized that I was never going to be “ready” to drastically change my life, as I was always going to have some new commitment or excuse. So I left at the “wrong time” in life and it turned out to be the best thing that happened to me. But once I got sick of missing out on things I wanted to do and see, I started to just do them anyway.

I’ve also learned that friendships are everything. I heard this one a lot before, but never really believed it that much. When I started looking back on my travels, I started to think “Wow, I’ve seen a heck of lot of cool places”. I tried to think back to my favorites, which ones did I enjoy the most? They were always the ones where I had the best friends and really had nothing to do with where I was. The people around you contribute a great deal to your overall happiness. It was only when I had no friends that I realized their importance.

When travelling, you have complete freedom to literally do anything you want. You can relax everyday on the beach, you can be alone every day in your room, you can eat ice cream for breakfast every day, and you can drink all the time. This freedom can be quite liberating, but many people have a tough time balancing the party/drinking/vacation aspect with truly seeing and experiencing each country, because you have no responsibilities and no one around to tell you when you can’t do something. I too fell into a similar kind of trap. I indulged in so many aspects of life. I took everything to the extreme until it had lost its excitement. I realized that balance was the key.

Another lesson I have learned is that life doesn’t have to be “normal”. Go to school, get a job, or buy a big house. When anyone strays from this path they are considered to be not “normal”. It’s only when I started traveling that I saw that a fulfilling and happy life isn’t always a respectable job, with a big house and lots of money. I began to meet interesting characters from all over the world and saw first-hand how they had gone “against the grain” and succeeded. There are tons of other ways to live a fulfilling and happy life, but most of us have only seen the “big house” scenario. I saw and experienced how happy people are doing something completely different than normal jobs, because they get to wake up every day and do what they want to do in the place they want to be.

So, while travelling I realized that you can read about things, watch them on TV, or hear stories from a friend, but nothing comes close to first-hand human experience. You get a whole new perspective on what really matters and you feel this sense of adventure and excitement that reminds you just how many possibilities you have in life. To anyone who has not travelled, do it. And to those who have, continue to do so. It will teach you more about yourself and the world around you than you could ever imagine.

A15 According to the author travelling helps you ...

- 1) learn new skills.
- 2) see the world.
- 3) understand yourself.
- 4) enjoy the life.

A16 The time for the author “was never right” because ...

- 1) there always was an excuse not to do something.
- 2) he wanted to act according to a plan.
- 3) his travels were poorly organized.
- 4) he was afraid of new experiences.

A17 The most important thing the author learned during his travels was about ...

- 1) balance.
- 2) responsibilities.
- 3) friendship.
- 4) freedom.

A18 According to the author complete freedom ...

- 1) is to be avoided.
- 2) is very relaxing.
- 3) is tempting.
- 4) needs control.

A19 The author is sure that ‘normal’ life is ...

- 1) impossible.
- 2) not necessary.
- 3) too dull.
- 4) very rare.

A20 During his travels the author realized the importance of ...

- 1) direct experiences.
- 2) independence.
- 3) adventures.
- 4) education.

A21 It can be implied from the text that the author will ...

- 1) teach about travelling.
- 2) write books about his adventures.
- 3) try to live a ‘normal’ life.
- 4) continue travelling.

*По окончании выполнения заданий **B2, B3** и **A15–A21** не забудьте перенести свои ответы в бланк ответов № 1! Обратите внимание на то, что ответы на задания **B2, B3, A15–A21** располагаются в разных частях бланка. При переносе ответов в заданиях **B2** и **B3** цифры записываются без пробелов и знаков препинания.*

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Раздел 3. Грамматика и лексика

Прочитайте приведённые ниже тексты. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **B4–B10**, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текстов. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы **B4–B10**.

Global warming

- B4** In northern Québec and Labrador, temperatures _____ two degrees Celsius since the mid-1990s. That rise has helped more trees grow in the area which was previously too cold for trees. RISE
- B5** And the more trees that grow, the _____ the region becomes. WARM
- B6** “The cold landscape that we are accustomed to in northern Canada _____ a thing of the past soon,” specialists predict. BE

Sense of humour

- B7** There are many funny stories about Will Rogers, a famous American actor and humorist. Once he _____ to the White House to meet President Calvin Coolidge. INVITE
- B8** Rogers was cautioned not to try to be funny because the President had no sense of humour. Rogers bet that he _____ Coolidge laugh within 20 seconds. MAKE
- B9** When the formal introduction was made and the words “Mr. President, may I introduce my friend, Mr. Will Rogers,” were pronounced, Rogers held out his hand with a _____ look and said, “Pardon me, I didn’t quite get the name.” QUESTION
- B10** Coolidge roared with laughter, and Rogers _____ the bet. WIN

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **B11–B16**, однокоренные слова, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы **B11–B16**.

Bangkok

- B11** Bangkok is the capital and the most populous city of Thailand. This _____ metropolis is also one of the most traveller-friendly cities in Asia. Bangkok was not the first capital of Thailand, in fact it has taken that role comparatively not long ago. TROPIC
- B12** To the north lie the ancient capitals Ayuthaya and Sukothai. The _____ of Sukothai in the arts, literature and law were considerable. ACHIEVE
- B13** The ruins are _____. IMPRESS
- B14** I visited Sukothai recently, during the _____ Thailand festival of lights, when tiny vessels are set to float in rivers and lakes as offerings to the river goddess. FAME
- B15** It is during Thailand’s festivals that it becomes most obvious to any _____ that despite the country’s recent modernization, its culture, its spiritual heritage, is as real to Thai people as it has ever been. TOUR
- B16** Thailand may have become assimilated into the modern world but its soul is _____ untouched. LARGE

Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами A22–A28. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям A22–A28, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов. Обведите номер выбранного Вами варианта ответа.

“Faithful” by Jane Bush

“Faithful” is the final novel in the trilogy by Jane Bush. This powerful book pushes limits, breaks hearts and **A22** _____ you think. It is much more complex than most young adult novels in its challenges of what is logical versus what is right. The novel **A23** _____ a breathtaking story about the adventures of Tobias and Tris.

Tobias reveals vulnerabilities I never would have guessed he had. I loved the half of the novel, which was told from his point of **A24** _____; the darkness and desperation he fights against were so intense it hurt my heart.

Tris’ side is less complicated and she doesn’t change much. However, she gains a deeper understanding of things, which in turn gives the reader **A25** _____ a deeper understanding of the characters and their motivations.

While I loved so many things in this book, the writing wasn’t as exciting as in the previous novels, at **A26** _____ not for me and not in the beginning. Towards the middle it gained more intensity and the pace picked up, and by the end I was on the edge of my seat.

The end was perfect not just on the characters’ parts, but on the author’s as well. It was an ending that left me **A27** _____ earlier scenes with revelation that it was all leading to this. Jane Bush has definitely **A28** _____ in creating an unforgettable world to discover.

- | | | | | |
|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| A22 | 1) keeps | 2) puts | 3) turns | 4) makes |
| A23 | 1) tells | 2) speaks | 3) says | 4) talks |
| A24 | 1) sight | 2) opinion | 3) mind | 4) view |
| A25 | 1) else | 2) so | 3) even | 4) such |
| A26 | 1) all | 2) least | 3) times | 4) last |
| A27 | 1) replacing | 2) recalling | 3) reminding | 4) reflecting |
| A28 | 1) fulfilled | 2) managed | 3) succeeded | 4) achieved |

По окончании выполнения заданий B4–B16, A22–A28 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в бланк ответов № 1! Обратите внимание на то, что ответы на задания B4–B16, A22–A28 располагаются в разных частях бланка. При переносе ответов в заданиях B4–B16 буквы записываются без пробелов и знаков препинания.

Раздел 4. Письмо

Для ответов на задания **C1** и **C2** используйте бланк ответов № 2. Черновые пометки могут делаться прямо на листе с заданиями или можно использовать отдельный черновик. При выполнении заданий **C1** и **C2** особое внимание обратите на то, что Ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным в бланке ответов № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма текста. Тексты недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются. Запишите сначала номер задания (**C1**, **C2**), а затем ответ на него. Если одной стороны бланка недостаточно, Вы можете использовать другую его сторону.

C1 You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen-friend Mary who writes:

*...My aunt lives in Arkansas and last week her house was ruined by a tornado. What do you think are the most horrible natural disasters? Which of them are typical of the place where you live? What can people do to protect themselves from them?
My history teacher got the annual award "Best teacher of the year", I'm so happy for her!...*

Write a letter to Mary.

In your letter

- answer her questions
- ask **3 questions** about her history teacher.

Write **100–140 words**.

Remember the rules of letter writing.

C2 Comment on the following statement.

Childhood is the safest period of human life.

What is your opinion? Do you agree with this statement?

Write **200–250 words**.

Use the following plan:

- make an introduction (state the problem)
- express your personal opinion and give 2-3 reasons for your opinion
- express an opposing opinion and give 1-2 reasons for this opposing opinion
- explain why you don't agree with the opposing opinion
- make a conclusion restating your position